SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME EXTRA SLOW URETHANE REDUCER

PRODUCT CODE ADP 118
RECOMMENDED USE SOLVENT

Company name HMS Warehousing Corporation

Address 400 S Dixie Hwy Hollywood, FL 33020

United States

Telephone 800-432-1344

Emergency phone number 800-424-9300 ChemTrec EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

GHS Classification:

Flammable liquids, (Category 2)

Eye irritation, (Category 2A)

Skin Irritation, (Category 2)

Reproductive toxicity (Category 2)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2)

Aspiration hazard (Category 1)

GHS Labeling

Symbol:



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Causes serious eye irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:

Do not breathemist/vapors/spray.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces-no smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Take precautionary measure against static discharge.

Use only non-sparkingtools.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsina.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water shower.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, water spray mist or foam, dry chemical to extinguish.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Potential Health Effects: See Section 11 for more information

This product does not contain carcinogens or potential carcinogens as listed by IARC, NTP, or ACGIH.

This material contains components that are considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential Environmental Effects: See Section 12 for more information.

Section 3: COMPOSTION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

No.	Component CAS REG. NO.	Amount %	OSHA		ACGIH	
			TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL
1	n-Butyl acetate CAS #123-86-4	1-50	150 ppm	200 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm
2	Light Hydrotreated Distillate CAS #68410-97-9	1-50	5 mg/m³	Not avail	5 mg/m³	Not avail
3	Toluene CAS #108-88-3	1-50	200 ppm	Not Avail	20 ppm	Not Avail
4	Acetone CAS #67-64-1	1-100	750 ppm	Not Availab le	500 ppm	Not Availab le

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Emergency first aid procedures by route of exposure:

Inhalation: Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors from overheating or combustion. If

symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion: Call a physician or Poison Control Centre immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin: Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing, and any extraneous

chemical. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 20 minutes while holding eyelids open. Remove contact

lenses. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: -17°C (1.4°F) Auto-ignition Temperature: 465°C (869°F)

Upper Explosion Limit:12.8%Lower Explosion Limit:2.5%

Flammability Classification: Flammable Liquid IB

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use methods appropriate for the surrounding fire. Consider carbon dioxide, water spray mist or foam, dry chemical.

Products of Combustion:

Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products, carbon oxides, and hydrocarbon fragments.

Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions:

A face shield should be worn. Use personal protective equipment. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for fire-fighting if necessary. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products.

Specific Hazards:

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Explosive vapor could form. Highly flammable. Vapors are toxic when inhaled.

HAZARD	HMIS	NFPA		
Toxicity	2	2		
Fire	3	3		
Reactivity	0	0		

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Protection: For large spills wear gloves, Tyvek suits, safety glasses, and appropriate NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all sources of ignition or flammables that may come into contact with a spill of this material.

Special Properties: Flammable Liquid! This material releases vapors at or below ambient temperatures. When mixed with air in certain proportions and exposed to an ignition source, its vapor can cause a flash fire. Use only with adequate ventilation. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel long distances along the ground to an ignition source and flash back. A vapor and air mixture can create an explosion hazard in confined spaces such as sewers. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent discharge to open bodies of water, municipal sewers, and watercourses.

Method for Containment: Absorb spilled liquid in suitable non-flammable inert material such as clay, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth. Control runoff and isolate discharged material for proper disposal. Approach release from upwind.

Methods for Clean-up: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use spark-proof tools to sweep or scrape up and containerize in approved chemical waste container.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Use only with adequate ventilation.

To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Storage:

Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Keep away from acids and oxidizers.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory Protection: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Eye/Face Protection: Splash proof chemical goggles and face shield.

Hand Protection: Impervious solvent gloves, the breakthrough time of the selected glove(s) must be greater than the intended use period.

Body: Avoid skin contact. If product comes in contact with clothing, immediately remove soaked clothing and shower. Wear long sleeve shirts and trousers without cuffs. Solvent resistant apron if splashes are likely to occur, wear flame retardant protective clothing solvent resistant apron and boots.

Other Protective Equipment:

Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with eyewash and safety shower facilities.

See section 3 for exposure limits.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance, State Clear liquid Clear Clear

Odor Acetone, Strong Regulatory VOC (g/l) : 882.30

pH (1%soln/water) Not available
Vapor Density (acetone) 2.0 (air = 1) Actual VOC (lbs/gal) : 7.35

Vapor Density (acetone) 2.0 (air = 1) Actual VOC (lbs/gal) : 7.35

Boiling Point (acetone) 56.05°C at 1013.25 hPa

Vapor Pressure (acetone) 233 hPa at 20°C Actual VOC (g/l) : 882.30

Melting Point/freezing point (acetone) -94.7°C

Flash Point (See Section 5)

Flammability Properties (See section 5)

Solubility (in water) Soluble Specific Gravity(acetone) 0.7854

Evaporation Rate (acetone) 5-6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Octanol/Water partition coefficient (Kow) (acetone): -0.24

Auto-ignition temperature (acetone): 465C

Decomposition temperature (acetone): Not available **Viscosity:** Not available

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: This material is considered stable at ambient temperatures 70°C (21°C).

Condition to Avoid: Flames, sparks, electrostatic discharge, heat and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: This product reacts with reactive metals (eg. Sodium, calcium, zinc etc), materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds, and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition: Upon decomposition, this product evolves carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes, and flammable hydrocarbon fragments (eg acetylene).

Hazardous Reactions: This product will not undergo polymerization.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE EFFECTS:

Component Analysis LD50

Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat: 5800 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - rat - 8 h - 50,100 mg/m3

LD50 Dermal - guinea pig - 7,426 mg/kg

Skin - rabbit - Mild skin irritation - 24 h

Eyes - rabbit - Eye irritation - 24h

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

LD50 Oral - rat - 10,700 - 14,130 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - rat - 4 h - > 21.0 mg/l

LD50 Dermal - rabbit - 17,600 mg/kg

Toluene (108-88-3)

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static];

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 11.5 mg/L

Inhalation LC50 Rat 12.5 mg/L 4 h;

Inhalation LC50 Rat >26700 ppm 1h;

Oral LD50 Rat 636 mg/kg;

Dermal LD50 Rabbit 8390 mg/kg;

Dermal LD50 Rat 12124 mg/kg

CHRONIC EFFECTS:

Component

Acetone (67-64-1)

Carcinogenicity: ACGIH A4 – Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

Neurotoxicity: This product contains Acetone, a central nervous system target.

Mutagenicity: No information available for product.

Reproductive: Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis in a study of pregnant rats and mice exposed to acetone vapor during 6-19 of gestation, slight developmental toxicity was observed. Reports of other reproductive effects of acetone include observations of testicular effects and changes of sperm quality in rats.

Developmental: No information available for product.

Target Organs: Acetone can target the respiratory system, eyes, CNS, kidneys,

hematology. Narcosis; CNS depression; eye, nose throat, and skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Can cause CNS depression, drowsiness, narcosis, or asphyxiation. **Skin Contact**: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking in human volunteers, topical application of acetone for 30 to 90 minutes produced considerable skin damage with high degree restoration after 72 hours. **Eye contact**: Can cause

severe eye irritation. **Inhalation**: Health effects reported in humans caused by inhalation include increase in visual reaction time and decrease in dual response task at 250 ppm; mucous membrane irritation, heavy eyes, headache, and general weakness accompanied by blood changes at 500 ppm; chronic inflammation of airways, stomach and duodenum at 1000 ppm; and severe toxic effects at 4000 ppm. Acetone is readily absorbed into blood stream. **Ingestion**: Symptoms of ingestion include nausea, vomiting, gastric hemorrhage, sedation, respiratory depression, ataxia, and paresthesia.

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

Carcinogenic Effects: No component is identified by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA

Mutagenic Effects: NotAvailable

Teratogenic Effects: Developmental Toxicity - rat - Inhalation

Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Specific Developmental

Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system. **Developmental Toxicity**: Not Available

Target Organs: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause

drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eyes Causes eye irritation.

Light Hydrotreated Distillate (CAS #68410-97-9)

Carcinogenic Effects: Not Available
Mutagenic Effects: Not Available
Teratogenic Effects: Not Available
Developmental Toxicity: Not Available

Target Organs: **Routes of exposure** Inhalation. Ingestion. **Eyes** Avoid contact with eyes. Causes eye irritation. **Skin** Avoid contact with the skin. Contact with skin may cause irritation. **Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Toluene (108-88-3)

Carcinogenic Effects: 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Toluene).

Mutagenic Effects: NotAvailable. Teratogenic Effects: Not Available

Reproductive Toxicity: Damage to fetus possible.

Suspected human reproductive toxicant.

Developmental Toxicity: Reproductive effects in experimental animals and in long term chemical abuse situations.

Target Organs: Long-term overexposure to toluene has been associated with impaired color vision. Also, long-term overexposure to toluene in occupational environments has been associated with hearing damage. Skin, respiratory system, Central nervous system, Heart, blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, mucous membrane, brain, eyes, lens, or cornea. Lung irritation, chest pain, pulmonary edema, Inhalation studies on toluene have demonstrated the development of inflammatory and ulcerous lesions of the penis, prepuce, and scrotum in animals.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Acetone (67-64-1)

96 hour LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5540 mg/L (static)
96 hour LC50 Pimephales promelas 6210 mg/L [flow through]
96 hour LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 8300 mg/L [static]
15 min EC50 Photobacterium phosphoreum: 14,500 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 0.0039 mg/L

48 hour EC50 water flea: 12,700 mg/L [static] 48 hour EC50 Daphnia magna: 12,600 mg/L

Ecotoxicity n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 100 mg/l - 96 h EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 72.8 - 205.0 mg/l - 24 h

Ecotoxicity: Toluene (108-88-3)

96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >433 mg/L;

72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata:12.5 mg/L [static] mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old);

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 12.6 mg/L [static];

96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.89-7.81 mg/L [flowthrough]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14.1- 17.16 mg/L [static];

96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.8 mg/L [semi-static];

96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.0-15.0 mg/L [static];

96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes: 54 mg/L [static];

96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 28.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 50.87-70.34 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static];

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 11.5 mg/L

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name: Paint related material

Hazard Class: 3

Identification No.: UN1263

Packing Group: Il Label: Flammable

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

SARA 302/304 The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No components were identified.

SARA 313: Toluene (108-88-3)

CERCLA The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQ's) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. Chemical substances present in this product or refinery stream that may be subject to this statute are: Acetone [CAS No. 67-64-1] RQ = 5,000. Toluene [CAS No.: 108-88-3] RQ = 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg), Butyl Acetate [CAS No. 123-86-4] RQ = 5,000 lbs

SARA 311/312 Hazard The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following hazard categories: Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Fire Hazard

Additional Regulatory

Remarks

Federal Hazardous Substances Act, related statutes, and Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations, as defined by 16 CFR 1500.14(b)(3) and 1500.83(a)(13): This product contains Toluene which may require special labeling if distributed in a manner intended or packaged in a form suitable for use in the household or by children. Precautionary label dialogue should display the following: **DANGER: Contains Toluene! Harmful or fatal if swallowed! Call Physician Immediately. Vapor Harmful! KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!**

California Prop 65: Toluene developmental toxicity

Section 16: OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Version 2.0

Revision Date 09/21/2016

Disclaimer:

The information and recommendations contained in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) are supplied pursuant to 29 CFR 1910.1200 of the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Hazard Communication Rule. The information and recommendations set forth herein are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of this date hereof.

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